Boardworks Middle School Science

The Nervous System



(**board** works)



The nervous system can coordinate a response to a stimulus, using nerve cells.

Nerve cells, or neurons, are specialized cells that transmit electrical impulses around the body.



How are responses coordinated?

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When a stimulus is detected, your nervous system sends an impulse along neurons to and from different parts of the body to coordinate a response.

- 1. Specific receptors in a sense organ detect a stimulus.
- 2. An electrical impulse is sent to the brain.
- 3. The brain processes the information.
- 4. An electrical impulse is sent to an effector (e.g. a muscle or gland).
- 5. The effector produces a **response**.



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Match each sense organ with the receptors it contains.



Parts of the nervous system



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What is a reflex?

Reflex reactions happen without you having to think about them – they are **involuntary**. This is because the central nervous system sends electrical signals to the muscles before the brain can pick up the message.

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Reflexes can stop you from getting hurt. For example if you touch a hot surface, your body automatically moves your hand away from the heat, preventing you from being burned.



Knee-jerk reaction













The brain and drugs



How do drugs affect behavior?



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Drugs can be divided into different categories depending on what type of effects they have on the body.

Click on each category to learn more about how each type of drug affects

the nervous system.





stimulants

hallucinogens

painkillers

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The stages of a nervous response

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An electrical impulse is sent to an effector

The brain processes the information

The effector produces a response

A stimulus is detected by receptors

An electrical impulse is sent to the brain

