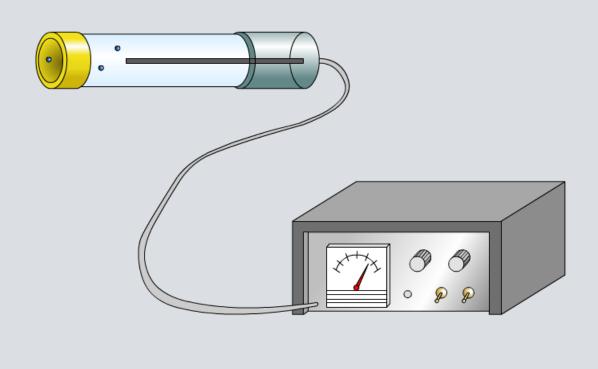


Boardworks High School Science







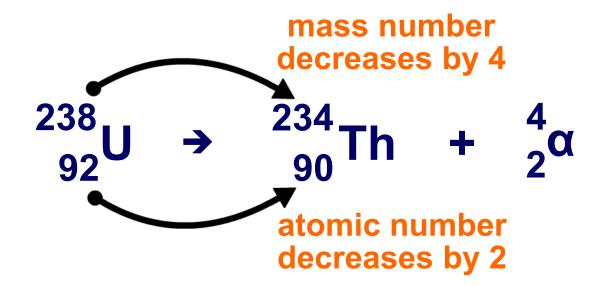
What happens during alpha decay?



An alpha particle consists of two protons and two neutrons. It is the same as a helium nucleus.



When an atom's nucleus decays and releases an alpha particle, it loses two protons and two neutrons.



The number of protons has changed, so the decayed atom has changed into a **new element**.

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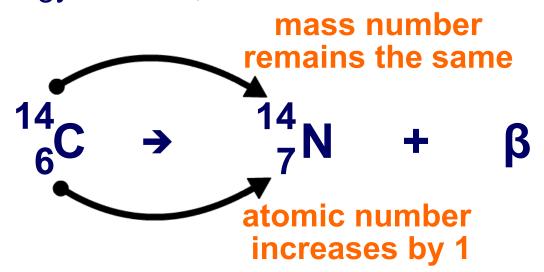
What happens during beta decay?



A **beta particle** consists of a high-energy electron, which is emitted by the nucleus of the decaying atom.



When an atom's nucleus decays and releases a beta particle, a neutron turns into a proton, which stays in the nucleus, and a high-energy electron, which is emitted.



The decayed atom has gained a proton, and so has changed into a **new element**.

What happens during gamma decay?



Gamma radiation is a form of electromagnetic radiation, not a type of particle.

When an atom's nucleus decays and emits gamma radiation, it releases energy in the form of electromagnetic radiation.

There is no change to the make up of the nucleus, and so a new element is **not** formed.

Gamma rays are usually emitted with alpha or beta particles. For example, cobalt-60 decays releasing a beta particle. The nickel formed is still not stable, and so emits gamma radiation.

60₂₇Co → 60₂₈Ni* → 60₂₈Ni The nickel does not change into a new element.





Radioactive decay – true or false?



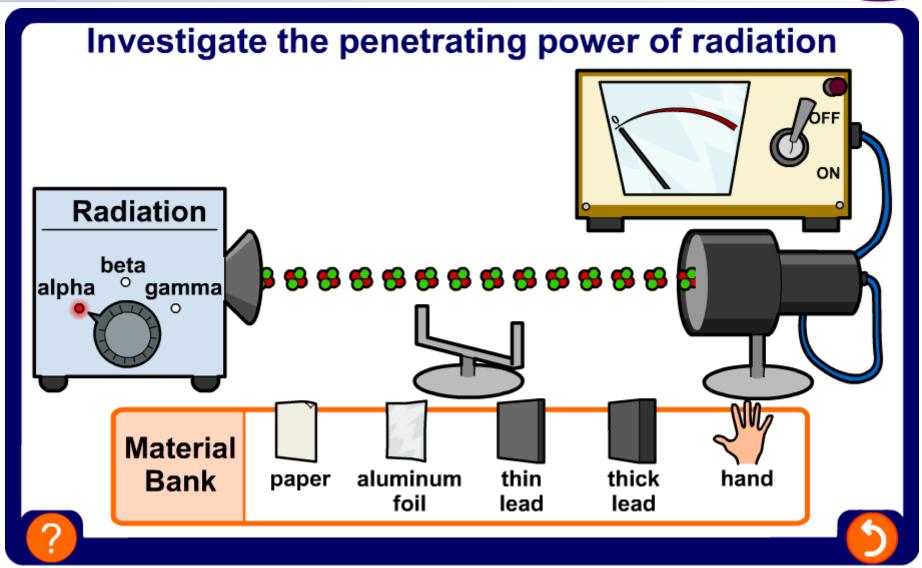




How do materials affect radiation?











How do magnetic fields affect radiation?









What is alpha radiation?



Description	2 neutrons, 2 protons
	Note: An alpha particle is the same as a helium nucleus
Electric charge	+2
Relative atomic mass	4
Penetrating power	Stopped by paper or a few centimeters of air
Ionizing effect	Strongly ionizing
Effect of magnetic/ electric field	Weakly deflected





What is beta radiation?



Description	High-energy electron
Electric charge	-1
Relative atomic mass	1/1860
Penetrating power	Stopped by a few millimeters of aluminum
lonizing effect	Weakly ionizing
Effect of magnetic/ electric field	Strongly deflected





What is gamma radiation?



Description	High-energy electromagnetic radiation
Electric charge	0
Relative atomic mass	0
Penetrating power	Stopped by several centimeters of lead or several meters of concrete
Ionizing effect	Very weakly ionizing
Effect of magnetic/ electric field	Not deflected





Types of radiation and penetrating power (





What is the penetrating power of each type of radiation?

alpha

stopped by a thin layer of aluminum

gamma

can only be stopped by thick lead

beta

stopped by paper or skin









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Types of radiation and range in air





What is the range in air of each type of radiation?

gamma

travels a few meters in air

beta

travels a few centimeters in air

alpha

can only be stopped by thick lead





